[Numb. 706.]

THE

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freſheſt Advices foreign and domeſtic.

THURSDAY, November 16, 1758.

LONDON, Auguſt 16.

To the KING's *moſt Excellent* MAJESTY.

The humble ADDRESS of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious SOVEREIGN,

AMIDST the joyful Acclamations of your faithful People, permit us, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Commons, of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled, humbly to congratulate your Majeſty on the Succeſs of your Arms in the Conqueſt of the important Fortreſs of Louiſbourg, the Reduction of the Iſlands of Cape-Breton and St. John's, and the Blow thereby given to a conſiderable Part of the French Navy.

An Event ſo truly glorious to your Majeſty, ſo important to the Colonies, Trade and Navigation of Great-Britain, and ſo fatal to the Commercial Views and Naval Power of France, affords a reaſonable Proſpect of the Recovery of all our Rights and Poſſeſſions in America ſo unjuſtly invaded, and in a great Meaſure informs the Hopes we formed, when we beheld the French Power weakened on the Coaſt of Africa, their Ships deſtroyed in their Ports at Home, and the Terror thereby ſpread over all their Coaſts.

May theſe valuable Acquiſitions, ſo gloriouſly obtained, ever continue a Part of the Britiſh Empire, as an effectual Check to the Perfidy and Ambition of a Nation, whoſe repeated Inſults and Uſurpations obliged your Majeſty to enter into this juſt and neceſſary War: And may theſe Inſtances of the Wiſdom of your Majeſty's Councils, of the Conduct and Reſolution of your Commanders, and of the Intrepidity of your Fleets and Armies, convince the World of the inner Strength and Reſources of your Kingdoms, and diſpoſe your Majeſty's Enemies to yield to a ſafe and honourable Peace.

In all Events, we ſhall moſt chearfully contribute, to the utmoſt of our Power, towards ſupporting your Majeſty in the vigorous Proſecution of Meaſures ſo wiſely [illegible] and ſo [illegible]. And it ſhall be our moſt fervent Prayer, that your Majeſty may long, very long, enjoy the Fruits of your auſpicious Government, in Returns of Loyalty and Affection from a grateful People, and that the Crown of theſe Realms may flouriſh, with equal Luſtre, on the Heads of your auguſt Deſcendants to lateſt Poſterity.

To which his Majeſty was pleaſed to return this moſt gracious ANSWER.

I RECEIVE this dutiful and loyal Addreſs as a freſh Mark of your conſtant Affection to me, and my Government; and I return you my hearty Thanks for it. The ſteady Affection of my People, united in a hearty Zeal for the Honour of my Crown, will, I doubt not, enable me to carry on, with Vigour and Succeſs, a War which was unavoidably undertaken, to defend the Religion, Liberties, and valuable Poſſeſſions of my Kingdoms, againſt the unjuſt Attempts of my Enemies. The City of London may always depend on my Protection and Favour, and upon my conſtant Care for the Extenſion of their Trade and Navigation.

From the AMERICAN Magazine for Sep. laſt.

To the PROPRIETORS, &c.

GENTLEMEN,

[illegible] of Opinion that the following [illegible] your Magiſtrates, as a Tribute of not only public, but perſonal, Gratitude, which ought not to be confined to a Benefactor, but extended to his Poſterity; for, [illegible] to know, that the Grandfather of the late Lord HOWE, when in a high Employment in the Reign of Queen Anne, was a generous Patron to the Father of the Author of theſe Lines, by preferring to her Majeſty a Memorial of his long Services in the Wars of Ireland, Spain and Flanders; and by farther promoting his Promotion to an honourable Poſt in the Army, of which he would have been otherwiſe deprived by a Court-Intrigue in Favour of a younger and unexperienced Officer.

Kent in Maryland, Auguſt 14th, 1758.

EPITAPH on the late Lord HOWE.

PATRIOTS, in Council Britain's mighty Boaſt,
Whoſe Wiſdom counſel'd, and whoſe Valour [illegible]
With Gratitude, [illegible]
Receive to Glory HOWE's heroic Ghoſt,
Who, ſelf-ſevere, in Honour's Cauſe engag'd,
By native Worth, and your Example, fir'd.
In foreign Fields, like * Sidney young and brave,
Doom'd to an early but untimely Grave.
[illegible] by celeſtial Love,
And, ſcorning Earth, [illegible] the Joys above.
Inſenſible to love Pleaſure's baneful Charms,
Inur'd to [illegible] Toils, and [illegible] Arms,
He ſaw, indignant, our Foes advance,
With [illegible] and France?
[illegible] Spirit [illegible] to raiſe,
He fought, as Soldiers fought, in Marlboro's Days,
His Country call'd——The noble Talents given,
'Twas his'[illegible] belong'd to Heaven!
High o'er his Standard, and the crimſon Shore,
Pleas'd Victory hover'd till he breath'd no more.
'Midſt Piles of Slaughter'd Foes—"France Shame," he cry'd,
"My Britons will revenge"——then ſmil'd and dy'd!

* The celebrated Nephew of the Earl Leiceſter in the Netherlands, in the Reign of Queen Elizabeth.

BERLIN, September 2.

THE Fruits of the glorious Victory gained over the Ruſſians on the 25th ult. appear every Day more conſiderable. The Number of Cannon taken already amounts to 103, and that of the Colours to 27. We have above 2000 Priſoners, and amongſt them upwards of 80 Officers. 'Tis thought ſeveral more Generals are killed beſides General Brown. Thoſe who ſaw the Field of Battle compute the Number of Ruſſians left on it to be at leaſt 20,000. 'Tis hoped the greateſt Part of our Wounded will recover. The Day after the Battle, the Body of Ruſſian Troops under the Generals Romanzof and Stoffel retired precipitately from Schwelde, Koniſberg, and Stargard, to rejoin the grand Army. Theſe two Generals, and Col. Chetkoy, who commanded at Stargard, kept their Troops under fine Diſcipline. This Teſtimony is due to them, and we render it with Pleaſure, as they had nobly diſtinguiſhed themſelves from their Countrymen, who left ſuch horrid Marks of their Inhumanity in the Neighbourhood of Cuſtrin.

Turin (Italy) July 26. The laſt Letters from Toulon confirm the Report of his Britannic Majeſty's Ship the St. Albans, having carried into Gibraltar the Loire, a Frigate of 36 Guns, but pierced for 44, with two Polaccas loaded with Stores and Ammunition for Martinico.

Paris, Auguſt 18. The laſt Advices that came to us directly from Iſle Royale, did not prepare us for the melancholy News we received almoſt immediately after by the Way of England. The Officer, who was the Bearer of theſe Advices, muſt have made a faithful Report of the State wherein he left Louiſbourg the 15th of July. We have no room to doubt of it, and as the Gazette of France has publiſhed that the Beſiegers were then diſtant from the Place about 400 Toiſes, we ſhould believe that the thing was ſo. 'Tis true, their Advices alſo ſaid that the Enemy's Batteries made very briſk Fire, but that there was no Part of the Town but lay expoſed to it. But how often has it been found by Experience, that a Place, tho' cannonaded and bombarded, is not yet reduced to the laſt Extremities! Of this Olmutz and Cuſtrin furniſh recent Proofs. In ſhort, we cannot account for the extraordinary Accident that muſt have obliged the Commandant of Louiſbourg to ſurrender the Place ſo ſoon, and we alſo cannot conceive his Reaſons for Capitulating on ſuch mean and abject Conditions as thoſe that have been made public in the London Papers, and in other foreign Gazettes.

Valogne, in Normandy, Auguſt 24. After the Departure of the Engliſh from Cherburg, Marſhal Luxembourg, who had taken the Command as Governor of the Province, marched the Troops to St. Lo, that they might be ready to go either to the Right or Left, according to the Motions of the Engliſh Squadron. The Contributions were ſettled at 44,000 Livres for the Town of Cherburg, and 15,000 for the two Manufactories eſtabliſhed there. Half the Sum was paid in ready Money, and for the Security of the other half the Town has ſent as Hoſtages the Sieurs Duval, Poſtel, and Gaurin.

LONDON.

Auguſt 22. We hear that Orders are given by the Hon. Board of Navy to the Officers of his Majeſty's Yard at Deptford, to meaſure a certain Number of Ships to be taken up to carry Forces to America with all Expedition.

Great Diſcontents appear in ſeveral Provinces in France, where the People complain that the War has not only ruined their Trade, and deſtroyed their Manufactures, but ſo entirely drained them of Money, that it is utterly out of their Power to raiſe any farther Supplies.

The Garland, a French Frigate of 22 Guns, from Breſt, is taken by his Majeſty's Ship Renown, Capt. Mackenzie, in Company with the Maidſtone and Rocheſter, and brought into Portſmouth. She was dogging Commodore Howe's Squadron, and had been ſo ſeveral Days: She had 15 Men killed, out of 200 who were on board. She is ſaid to be the beſt going Ship in France, on which ſhe much depended. She engaged the Renown firſt; but a Chance Shot brought down her Main Top Maſt, or ſhe might probably have got off. She had been out of Breſt but 7 Days. When the two Captains of the French Ship were brought on Shore at Portſmouth, the firſt Captain took up a News Paper, and the firſt Paragraph that ſaluted his Eyes was that of the Surrender of Louiſburg. He ſeemed very much confuſed, not knowing any Thing of the Matter before: And with the French Shrug, muttered out, *Oh! Sacré Dieu.*

Auguſt 29. The French greatly cenſure the Governor of Cherburg, for ſurrendering the Town without firing a Gun, and before the Engliſh Troops came within a League of it, or the Fleet within two Leagues of it. They ſay the Engliſh took all the Seamen they found in the Veſſels in the Harbour on board the Fleet.

The French King hath appointed the Prince de Soubiſe Generaliſſimo of his Forces; the Marquis de Contades a Marſhal of France; and Prince Xavierus, ſecond Son to the King of Poland, a Lieutenant-General.

We are aſſured that Prince Edward, before he reimbarked, gave 100l. to the Poor of Cherburg; and the General and the Commodore gave 25l. each.

The following is a Tranſlation of a Paragraph in a Letter (found in a Dutch Ship brought into Portſmouth) dated at St. Pierre in Martinico the 15th of June, 1758. Addreſſed to a Merchant at Bourdeaux.

'Our Situation is more to be pitied than envied: This poor Country, which you once knew in a flouriſhing State, has been afflicted within three Years by two dreadful Hurricanes, which have [illegible] ruined one third of the Inhabitants; but a War, more dreadful than can be imagined, [illegible] to compleat our Miſery, by a Drought, which continued from the Beginning of this Year, ruins all the Plantations, and affords a very melancholy Proſpect for the enſuing Year. May God have Mercy upon us, and at leaſt grant us a Peace; no matter on what Conditions!

According to the beſt Accounts there are now near 20,000 French Priſoners in the three Kingdoms, ſome of whom are on their Parole, others in Priſon, and many Sick and Wounded in Hoſpitals; beſides many more that are expected ſoon to arrive.

Lieutenant-General Imhoff's Account of the Action of the 5th of Auguſt, 1758, between the Detachment under his Command and M. de Chevert's, near Meſe.

On the 4th of Auguſt, at ſix o'Clock in the Evening, I received Advice, from a good Hand, that the Enemy who were to paſs the Lippe over three Bridges, would march that Night with much Artillery towards Rees, in order to poſſeſs themſelves of that Place, and burn the Bridge. As he might go thither by turning my Camp, I took the Reſolution to decamp with the four Battalions and four Squadrons under my Command, in order to cover Rees, and join the Battalions of Stoltzenberg and the Hereditary Prince of Heſſe, that were marching under the Command of General Zaſtrow from Spick, where they had paſſed the Rhine in Boats. Having perceived nothing of the Enemy, and believing that the Accounts I had received might be falſe, I reſolved to return to my advantageous Poſt at Meer.

I ſet forward at ſix in the Morning, and after I had reached my old Camp, the Advance Guards were no ſooner poſted, but they found themſelves engaged with the Enemy, who advanced towards me from Weſel, under the Command of Lieutenant-General de Chevert, and Meſſieurs de Voyer and de Chavigny, Major-Generals; with the whole Corps of Troops, which was deſigned to make the Siege of Duſſeldorp. My Front was covered by Coppices and Ditches, with a riſing Ground on my Right; from whence I could ſee the whole Force that was coming againſt me. Perceiving, then, that the Enemy was marching into this difficult Ground, I reſolved to attack them as ſoon as they had entered it; I therefore ordered my Infantry to advance about 200 Paces from the firſt Hedges, and took the Regiment of Stoltzenberg from my Right, to poſt it in the Coppice, in order to fall upon the Enemy, whom I ſaw quite uncovered. I gave Orders to the other Regiments to march, with Drums beating, up to the Enemy, as ſoon as they ſhould hear the Fire of the Regiment of Stoltzenberg, and to attack them with Bayonets. This being executed with the greateſt Spirit, by the whole ſix Battalions, had ſo great an Effect, that after a Reſiſtance of about half an Hour, the Enemy was put in Confuſion, and fled towards Weſel, leaving on the Spot eleven Pieces of Cannon, with a great many Waggons and other Carriages with Ammunition.

The Loſs on my Side conſiſts of no more than 200 Men killed and wounded, that of the Enemy is not exactly known; we have taken 354 Priſoners, among whom are eleven Officers. General Zaſtrow perfectly well ſeconded me in this Action; and all the Officers fought with the greateſt Courage. The Names of theſe brave Regiments are, that of Stoltzenberg, Saxe-Gotha, Hereditary Prince of Heſſe, and Imhoff of Brunſwick, and the four Squadrons of Buſche's, which could not act in the Manner they wiſhed, on Account of the Incloſures.

Extract from the Regiſter of the Reſolutions of the States-General of the United Provinces.

Veneris, 11 Die Auguſti, 1758.

'Mr. Pick de Zoelen, and other Deputies of their High Mightineſſes for foreign Affairs, having purſuant to the Reſolution of the 1ſt Inſt. conferred with Mr. Yorke, Miniſter Plenipotentiary of his Majeſty the King of Great-Britain, they reported, That they had delivered to Mr. Yorke the Reſolution taken by their High Mightineſſes upon a Letter written to them by the Directors of the Amſterdam Company, concerning the hoſtile Treatment, and the Robberies (*Brigandages*) committed by the Engliſh Privateers in the Veſſels and on the Subjects of their High Mightineſſes in the Weſt-Indies, and the iniquitous Proceedings of the Courts there relative to this Conduct; intreating him that he would be pleaſed to ſupport and ſecond, by his good Offices, the Contents of this Reſolution:

'That he, Mr. Yorke, had thereupon declared, "That he ſaw with Uneaſineſs the continual Complaints which their High Mightineſſes found themſelves obliged to make in favour of their Subjects; and that the King his Maſter had Commanded him to make known wherever it ſhould be proper, that his Majeſty would moſt readily concur in every Method that ſhould be propoſed for giving Satisfaction to their High Mightineſſes, with whom he had always ſtudied to live in the moſt perfect Union: But that the King had, at the ſame Time, authorized him to declare, That his Majeſty was determined not to ſuffer the Trade of the French Colonies in America to be carried on by the Subjects of other Powers, under the ſpecious Pretext of a Neutrality, or Words to be interpreted into Licence to carry on a Trade with his Enemies, which, though not particularly ſpecified in the Articles of Contraband, was nevertheleſs rendered ſuch in all Reſpects, and in every Senſe, by Circumſtances. That they, the Gentlemen Deputies, would ſee, that the Orders he communicated to them, and which he had received from his Court a very *few* Days before, authorized him to repreſent to them, That as long as the licit Commerce of the Subjects of their High Mightineſſes, to which his Majeſty never intended to give the leaſt Interruption, was confounded with that Commerce which his Majeſty regarded as wholly illicit, all their Repreſentations would be fruitleſs; the rather as the Method of proceeding in ſuch Caſes was ſettled by Treaty; and the Crown could not take Cognizance of Facts, the Examination of which belonged to the Ordinary Courts."

'The ſaid Report being taken into Conſideration, Meſſieurs the Deputies of the Provinces of Holland and Weſt Frieſland, of Zeland, Utrecht, and Frieſland, took a Copy of the ſaid Report, that they might Communicate it to their Conſtituents. And moreover it was thought good to Order, that a Copy of the ſaid Report ſhould be delivered to Mr. Fagel, and other Deputies of their High Mightineſſes for the Affairs of the Navy, that they might peruſe and examine it, and afterwards report their Opinion thereupon to the Aſſembly of their High Mightineſſes.'

September 14. Private Letters from Germany adviſe, that the Remains of the Ruſſian Army being ſurrounded, had offered to capitulate, upon Condition of being allowed to return home quietly, in Conſideration of which they promiſed that they would not ſerve again for a certain Term againſt the King of Pruſſia, nor his Allies; but their Offers were rejected, and they have been told that they muſt ſurrender Priſoners of War.——Which, we preſume, muſt be their Fate, as they are too far from home to be ſuccoured or ſupplied with Neceſſaries.

On all the Braſs Cannon taken from the French at Cherbourg, are theſe Mottos: *Ultima ratio Regum*; i. e. The ultimate Reaſon of Kings; and *Pluribus nec impar*; A Match for many. On the two Mortars, *Non ſolis radios, ſed Jovis fulmina*; not the Rays of the Sun, but Jupiter's Thunder.

We hear that an Expreſs is arrived from the Duke of Marlborough, with Advice that his Grace being informed that a Party of French, to the Amount of 1500, were eſcorting a Quantity of Stores for the uſe of the French Army, his Grace detached a Party of Engliſh Troops after them, who came up with and defeated them, and took the whole Convoy, conſiſting of 250,000 Livres, 160 Oxen, 90 Horſes laden with Proviſion, and 500 Sacks of Flour; alſo three Couriers with Letters of Importance from the French Court to M. de Contades, with 130 Soldiers, Priſoners.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Auguſt 31.

A Royal Edict is juſt publiſhed for impoſing an additional Tax on all Places and Employments, which, it is computed, will bring annually into the King's Coffers the Sum of 22 Millions. There is a Talk of augmenting the Octroys in the principal Cities and Towns of the Kingdom; and this Article will produce above twelve Millions; which joined to the conſiderable Sums the new Duty of ten Sols that is going to be laid upon every Pound of Tobacco will produce, it is thought might enable the Court to ſupport the immenſe Expences occaſioned by the preſent War. But, beſides all this, it is ſaid another Edict will ſoon appear for demanding a free Gift of every Town in the Kingdom.

The Naſſau Man of War, lately arrived at Portſmouth from Africa, has brought home the French Gunner of Senegal, who, we hear, has made ſome very important Diſcoveries to the Government, touching the French Trade and Commerce on that Coaſt.

The laſt Accounts from the Pruſſian Army under the King's Command, mention ſeven Lieutenant-Generals Priſoners, viz. Czernicheff, Soltikoff, and [illegible], all Ruſſians born; [illegible], a Pole; Manteuffel, [illegible], and Tieſenhauſen, Livonians. Beſides theſe, Lieutenant-General [illegible] has been ſince added to the Number, and that of the common Priſoners is augmented to between two and three Thouſand.

On the 30th of Auguſt General Fermor ſent a Trumpet to the Army of Count Dohna, with a Liſt of ſixteen General Officers that were miſſing, intreating him to ſend an Account how many of them were Priſoners.

The Pruſſian Major-General de [illegible], who was placed among the Dead in the Liſt, having three great Cuts on his Head, gave Signs of Life, when he was carried to Cuſtrin, and there are even ſome Hopes of his Recovery.

We hear the Government has contracted for three Thouſand Chaldrons of Coals, to be forthwith ſent to Louiſbourg.

We hear that a genteel Penſion is ſettled by this Court on Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick, for the noble Exertion of his Abilities in Favour of the Proteſtant Religion and Liberties of Europe.

We hear that ſeveral arm'd Ships of War have agreed to ſail in Queſt of the Belleiſle Privateer, which continues on the Iriſh Coaſt, and has lately taken above ten of our Ships homeward-bound.

Four Dutch Ships with French Effects on board are taken and brought into Portſmouth.

This day at Noon the Braſs Cannon and Mortars taken at Cherbourg were drawn from Hyde-park to the Tower, through a prodigious Crowd of Spectators.

Several Ton Weight of Bullets, and a large Quantity of Gunpowder, are ordered to be ſhipped with all Expedition for Cape-Breton.

Letters from the Hague mention, that an Expreſs was arrived there, which gave an Account, That his Pruſſian Majeſty's Troops purſued and overtook the Ruſſians on the 29th paſt; that they had entirely deſtroyed them, and taken 400 Waggons.

Some Letters from Hamburgh ſay, that of the 70,000 Men the Ruſſian Army conſiſted of, not above 6000 eſcaped, but were either killed, wounded, or taken Priſoners.

Whitehall, Auguſt 29. The King has been pleaſed to conſtitute and appoint his Grace Charles Duke of Marlborough, to be General over all and ſingular the Foot Forces employed, or to be employed in his Majeſty's Service.

BOSTON, *October* 30.

Wedneſday laſt Capt. Miller arrived here in [illegible] Days with Diſpatches from our Forces at St. John's River in Nova-Scotia, by which we learn, that Brigadier General Monckton had almoſt finiſhed a ſtrong Fort, juſt above the Entrance of that River, on the ſame Spot where the French ſome Time ago erected a Fort, which they afterwards demoliſhed. That the French and Indians continue to retire farther up, as our Rangers advance in their Scouting, in which they have diſcovered ſeveral of their Huts and Fields, &c. which they had deſerted. That a Number of Veſſels lay ready to carry a Body of our Troops as far up the River as they poſſibly could, where, 'tis ſaid, the French have a ſmall Fort, and where they have got up two Veſſels that were taken from the Engliſh ſome Time ago in the Bay of Fundy, and afterwards improved as Cruizers. That theſe Troops were to proceed as ſoon as Major Morris had joined them from Cape Sable; from which Place they had an Expreſs the 17th Inſt. with an Account, that Major Morris and Capt. Gorham, with a Number of our Forces had taken a French Place called Cape [illegible], with 70 Priſoners, and about 100 Head of Cattle; among the Priſoners was a French Prieſt, who had engaged, upon granting them Indemnity, to bring in 200 more to ſubmit themſelves; and it is ſaid he is accordingly gone with a Party of our Troops with a Flag of Truce for that Purpoſe.

Wedneſday laſt a Veſſel arrived here in 12 Days from Louiſbourg, and by her we learn, That a Party which had been diſpatched by General Wolfe from Gaſpey, to make Diſcoveries by Land, was returned, having been 150 Miles along Shore up the River, to a Village called Mount Louis, which they burnt and deſtroyed, though 20,000 Livres were offered for its Ranſom, by the Commandant, who, with the Inhabitants there, and Places adjacent, they brought away Priſoners.—We hear alſo that Gen. Wolfe ſailed for England with Admiral Boſcawen.

Extract of a Letter from New-London, October [illegible]

" Laſt Night Captain [illegible] arrived here from Barbadoes, which Place he left the [illegible] of September, and brings an Account of a Hurricane at Barbadoes and the Leeward Iſlands, on the [illegible]

25th of Auguſt laſt, that is drove on Shore about 15 Veſſels at Barbadoes, ſeveral will be loſt, 15 at Martinico, two of them Frigates; and 10 at Guadaloupe, and at the two laſt Places like to be loſt; about 30 on Shore at St. Euſtatia, of which three belonged to New-England, and foundered at their Anchors, and all the People loſt, one of them was a large Snow."

This Morning his Excellency General Amherſt embarked on board the Province Sloop of War, Capt. Saunders, bound for Halifax.

Extract of a Letter from the Oneida Carrying Place, October 13, 1758.

"——The Grand Sachem of the Oneida Indians was with us at the taking of Frontenac; he was one of the moſt Chriſtian Indians I ever ſaw in my Life, conſtantly at Prayer, talking of Heaven and a future State, and ſaid, if we go on praying, the Lord would be ours, and he would help us all that he could. Friday laſt he took his Leave of us, and ſaid, if he heard of any Thing he would let us know it: At One o'Clock, he, with three others, bid us farewell, but before he got half a Mile from our Encampment, he was ſhot dead, one taken, and the other two got in. The Captains alarmed went out, and found the poor King ſcalped, and brought him into the Fort, but could not come up with the Enemy. The General ordered a Coffin to be made for him, and gave his Wife white Linen to lay him out in; and on Saturday in the Afternoon he was decently buried in the North Weſt Baſtion; three Cannon fired over him, and the Indians performed their Ceremonies by drinking of Wine; the Oneidas are determined to have Satisfaction for ſo great a Loſs. The ſame Afternoon an Indian who belonged to Major Ingerſol, and who was taken at Lake-George, 1757, came in, having made his Eſcape from the Party that killed the King; he ſays, he was carried to Canada, and has lived with the Indians ever ſince; that the Party conſiſted of 160, and only 5 Frenchmen: That they could have killed ſeveral white Men, but did not want to do it, as they had got the Perſon they wanted."——

NEW-YORK, *October* 30.

Yeſterday arrived here a large French Prize Ship, taken by Capt. Valantine, in a Privateer Snow of this Place: She was bound from Canada to the Weſt Indies; and loaded but indifferently.——The ſame Day came in the French Prize Ship of Capt. Nicholl, as mentioned in our laſt.——Capt. Devereux in the Privateer Ship St. George, on Tueſday laſt, returned here from a Cruize. She has taken and ſent in here, the Ship Riſing Sun, of Bourdeaux, mounting 14 ſix and four Pounders, with 50 Men, bound from Quebec to the Cape. He took her between Iſabella Bay and Monti Chriſto.

The St. George alſo re-took a Sloop between Monti Chriſto and the Cape. She was bound from South Carolina to Barbadoes, and on the 11th of September was taken by the French.

November 6. Since our laſt, a large French Prize Ship arrived here, called the Molly, bound from Quebec (for the Cape) loaded with Fiſh, Oil, Lumber, &c. She was taken off the Cape, the 19th of September laſt, by the Royal Heſter Privateer, of this Port.——She formerly belonged to the Engliſh, and was a Privateer called the Nancy, out of Guernſey, mounting 18 Nine-Pounders, and proved very ſucceſsful out of that Place, having taken, it is ſaid, near one hundred French Veſſels, before ſhe was taken by the French, two of whoſe Frigates carried her into Morlaix, from thence ſhe was ſent to Canada, and now had but ten Guns mounted. Four Engliſh Priſoners were taken on board her, deſigned to be exchanged at St. Domingo.

Friday laſt was ſent in here by the Privateers George, Capt. Haley; King George, Capt. [illegible]; and Abercrombie, Captain Valantine; a Schooner loaded with Sugar, which was taken the 16th of October coming out of a French Port on Hiſpaniola: She came in under the Command of Capt. John Haley, who informs us, That a French 74 Gun Ship got into Port-au-Paix, in a ſhattered Condition, having loſt about 100 Men, engaging two Engliſh Men of War; but got clear, by out-ſailing them; and that a Fleet of about 30 Sail was to put out of the Cape, under Convoy of two Frigates and a Snow of War.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 9.

On Sunday laſt an Expreſs arrived here from the Weſtward, by whom there is Advice that General Forbes left Ray's-Town for Loyal Hanning the 27th ult. That the Killed, Wounded and Miſſing, on our Side, in the Attack on Loyal Hanning, amounted to 64; the Wounded chiefly [illegible] and moſt of the Miſſing ſince found dead; [illegible] Loſs of the French not exactly known, but thought to be very conſiderable, as ſome of our People, who lay on the Field, [illegible] and his Thigh broke, ſay they were a long Time in carrying off their Dead and Wounded on their Horſes: That our Bullocks were all ſaved, but that we loſt a great many Horſes: And that the French made three different Attacks, in as many different Places, and behaved with great Courage and Reſolution; but were as often repulſed by our Troops, who defended the Place moſt gallantly.

ANNAPOLIS, *November* 16.

Monday next the General Aſſembly of this Province is to meet here.

Laſt Week *Maurice Mongall*, was Executed in *Baltimore* County, purſuant to his Sentence at the laſt Provincial Court, for breaking open a Store in *Baltimore-Town*. He broke the Rope at his firſt ſwing, but was ſoon hang'd up again.

THE MANAGERS of the ANNAPOLIS LOTTERY, requeſt thoſe Gentlemen in the different Parts of the Province who have received TICKETS to diſpoſe of, that they would return what may remain unſold in their Hands, by the firſt of *January* next at fartheſt, as they intend to begin Drawing on the 19th. In the mean Time a few Tickets, yet unſold, in the Hands of ſome of the Managers, may be had if apply'd for.

N. B. Gold and Silver, agreeable to the Inſpection Law, will be taken for Tickets, and Prizes paid off in like Manner.

BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

To be Sold by the Subſcribers, at the Houſe of Mr. William Brown, *at* London-Town, *on Monday the 27th Day of this inſtant November, for ready Money,*

SUNDRY HOUSHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, belonging to the Eſtate of the late Mr. *William Peele*. The Sale to begin preciſely at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.

ALSO,

On Monday the 21ſt Day of May next, the Subſcribers will ſell to the Higheſt Bidder, at the Houſe of the above Mr. William Brown,

ABOUT 350 Acres of LAND, lying very near *London-Town*, the Land being Part of the Eſtate of the above-named Mr. *Peele*, late of ſaid Town. For Title, enquire of the Subſcribers.

James Mouat,
James Dick,
James Nicholson, Executors.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,

On Saturday the Ninth of December next, at the Houſe of Mr. James Cary, *in* Baltimore-Town, *for the Benefit of the Inſurers,*

ABOUT Five Tons of BAR IRON, more or leſs, as it now lies in the Wreck of the late Ship *Unity*, for Bills of Exchange or Sterling.

Thomas Harrison.

WHEREAS I've lately begun to keep School at *London-Town*; I give this Public Notice, That I will Teach GRAMMAR at Four Guineas *per Annum*: And all Gentlemen who may be pleaſed to favour me with their Cuſtom, may depend upon being ſerved with Candour and Fidelity, by

Their moſt humble Servant,
Daniel M'Kinnon.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Stephen Lowe*, on his Lordſhip's Manor in *Anne-Arundel* County, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſiz'd Bay Mare, branded on the near Buttock with a C.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1 pd 5/9

THERE is at the Plantation of *John Meek*, near the Head of *Severn*, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Colt about 2 Years old, a Sort of a Roan, with a Sorrel Mane and Tail, and a large Blaze in his Face.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges. 1 pd 5/9

THERE is at the Plantation of Mrs. *Flora Dorſey*, at *Patapſco Ferry*, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſiz'd Bay Horſe, branded on the near Buttock M, he has a Blaze in his Face, both hind Feet white, has a hanging Mane, a Switch Tail, and ſome Saddle Spots on his Back.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

1 pd 10/ R.

THERE is at the Plantation of Mr. *Samuel* [illegible], [illegible] Cecil County, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Bay Horſe, about 13 Hands high, with a ſmall white Spot in his Face, but has no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Jacob* [illegible], living in *Gunpowder Foreſt*, *Baltimore* County, taken up as a Stray, a dark colour'd Cheſnut Bay Horſe, with a white Mane and Tail, a Wall Eye, a white Blaze down his Face, his hind Feet white, paces pretty well, and is branded on the near Shoulder with the Letter D, and ſomething elſe, but ſo blindly that it cannot be perceived.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Aldridge*, at *Elk-Ridge*, taken up as a Stray, a Black Mare, ſhe has three white Feet, a large Blaze down one Side of her Forehead, but has no perceivable Brand.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is, and has been for theſe Eighteen Months paſt, at the Plantation of Mrs. *Mary Magruder*, living near the Lower Falls of *Patowmack*, in *Frederick* County, a Dark Brown Heifer, mark'd on each Ear with a Crop and a ſmall Slit.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *William Beall*, in *Frederick* County, near *Frederick-Town*, taken up as a Stray, a middle-ſiz'd Black Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, a ſhort bob Tail, branded blindly on the near Thigh, and paces ſlow.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Thomas Cooke*, near *Bladenſburg*, taken up as a Stray, a ſmall Dark Brown Horſe, branded on the near Shoulder with a Horſe-Shoe, or ſomething like it.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD *by the* SUBSCRIBER,

A LARGE Quantity of old INDIAN CORN, and about 2000 Buſhels of WHEAT. If it does not ſuit the Purchaſer to pay the Money immediately, he may have Credit for ſix Months without any Intereſt, on giving his Bond with good Security.

Walter Dulany.

To be SOLD *to the* HIGHEST BIDDER, *for the Benefit of the Inſurers, at the Ferry near the Eaſtern Branch of Patowmack River, on Monday the 20th Inſtant,*

THE REMAINS of the Ship *Hector*, Capt. *Wylie*, lately blown up in the ſaid Branch, with her Appurtenances that have been ſaved: Alſo a large Quantity of TOBACCO, which was ſunk with the Ship, and by that Time will be got on Shore.

Robert [illegible]

IN Caſe any Gentlemen ſhould want their Books poſted, ſettled, or modell'd, after the true *Italian* Method of BOOK-KEEPING, they may be fully ſatisfied in theſe Points, by a proper and duly qualified Perſon. Pleaſe to leave a Line directed to *A. B. C.* at Mr. *John Thompſon's*, ſenior. Private Hours for Inſtruction won't be refuſed to be given by him alſo.

October 30, 1758.

COMMITTED to *Anne-Arundel* County Gaol, on Suſpicion of being a Runaway, a likely young [illegible] Negro, who had an Iron Collar on, calls himſelf *Michael*, and ſays he belongs to Mr. *George Chapman*, near [illegible], in *Charles* County.

His Maſter may have him again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

Upton Scott, Sheriff.

THERE is at the Plantation of [illegible], in *Baltimore* County, a middle-ſiz'd Grey Gelding, has no Brand to be ſeen but a [illegible] of Dot or Blotch on his off Buttock, he is ſhod before, and is ſuppoſed to be about 12 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

Bladenſburg, Nov. 3, 1758.

2 STOLEN from the Subſcriber, on Saturday Night the 28th *ult.* a Dark Brown Gelding, about 14 Hands high, with a large Blaze in his Face, ſeveral Saddle Spots, a bob Tail nick'd, which he carries pretty high when backed, and a little white on one of his hind Feet, about ten Years old, his Gait is naturally a Trot, but when check'd a little will fall into a Pace, and in Travelling divides his Legs remarkably wide. Twenty Shillings Reward will be given, if brought to Mr. *Baſil Wheeler* in *Annapolis*, or to

FRANCIS HAYFIELD.

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2 STRAYED away the 23d of *October* laſt, from Mr. *Reynolds*'s in *Annapolis*, a Bright Bay Horſe, about 13 Hands high, has a Switch Tail, a Lump on his upper Lip as large as a Muſket-Ball, one of his fore Legs has been cut with Spancels, he trots and gallops, and is branded on the near Buttock Od.

Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to Mr. *Reynolds*, or to Mr. *Kennedy*'s at *Bladenſburg*, ſhall receive a Reward of Ten Shillings. BASIL WHEELER.

× THERE is at the Plantation of *George Brown*, near the Head of *Little-Pipe-Creek*, in *Frederick* County, taken up as a Stray, a little Bay Horſe, the Brand unknown.

1 The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

October 24, 1758.

STRAY'D from Mr. *John Doncaſtle*'s, at *Port-Tobacco*, about Eight Days ago, a middle-ſiz'd Dark colour'd Horſe, has a bob Tail, a ſmall Star in his Forehead, and branded on the near

2 Buttock with the Letters I
H

Whoever brings the ſaid Horſe to the Subſcri-

1 ber, ſhall be paid for his Trouble, and reaſonable Charges here.

DANIEL OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER.

Annapolis, November 1, 1758.

RAN away Yeſterday Morning, from the Subſcriber, a Convict Servant Man named *Richard Williams*, by Trade a Hatter, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, and well ſet, wears his own Hair, which is black and curl'd, cut ſhort at Top, and turned up before, has two ſmall Scars juſt above one of his Eyes, has loſt one of his upper fore Teeth, and was born in *Herefordſhire*. Had on when he went away, an old brown Broad-Cloth

3 Jacket ript in ſeveral Places, with flat white Metal Buttons, under it a black Shag Veſt without Sleeves, a Pair of new Buckſkin Breeches, two coarſe Oſnabrigs Shirts, two Pair of Sailor's Trowſers, a Pair of fine white Yarn Stockings, and Country-made Shoes.

Whoever takes up the ſaid Servant, and brings him to his Maſter, ſhall have, if taken in Town, Twenty Shillings; if out of Town, Forty Shillings; if 20 Miles from Town, Three Piſtoles; if 50 Miles, Five Piſtoles; and if out of this Province, or on board of any outward-bound Ship, 10 Miles from this Town, Ten Pounds Reward, paid by NATHANIEL WATERS.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Notly Warren*, in *Charles* County, on *Wiccomico* River, taken up as Strays, Two Mares,

One about 12½ Hands high, of a darkiſh Colour, branded on the near Buttock M, and has never been dock'd.

3 The other a Lightiſh Grey, with Reddiſh Spots, a Snip on her Noſe, and branded on the near Buttock M.

The Owner or Owners may have them again, on proving Property, and paying Charges.

To be SOLD *by the* SUBSCRIBER,

THE Two following Tracts of LAND, lying in *Baltimore* County;

× One called *Bond's Gayety*, containing, according to Patent, Four Hundred Acres.

5 The other called *Part of Clagett's Foreſt*, containing, according to Patent, Thirteen Hundred and Seventy Acres.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe either of the ſaid Tracts of Land, are deſired to apply to Mr. *Edward Dorſey* of *Annapolis*, who will agree for the Sale thereof on Behalf of the Subſcriber.

HENRIETTA MARIA DULANY.

JAMES BISSET, Attorney at Law, takes this Method of Thanking the Public for their favourable Encouragement in Promoting, and Publiſhing his ABRIDGMENT of the LAWS of *MARYLAND*. And begs of the Gentlemen who were ſo good as to exert themſelves in procuring Subſcriptions, that they would be pleaſed to ſend in their Subſcription Papers to Mr. *William Steuart*, in *Annapolis*, by the firſt of *January* next, as ſoon (having got enough of Subſcriptions to enable him to go on with the Work) he purpoſes to ſend his Copy to the Preſs.

As the Liſt of the Subſcribers is to be prefixed to the Copy, he aſks the Favour of thoſe who have the Subſcription Papers, that they would diſtinguiſh the Gentlemen who have ſubſcribed, by their Titles or Callings, and the County they live in.

Whoever have not as yet ſubſcribed, and chuſe to have their Names in the Liſt, let them ſubſcribe before the firſt of *January*, or ſend a Note of their Names to Mr. *Steuart*.

N. B. The Reaſon of delaying the Printing ſo long, is, that, to make his Abridgment the more compleat, he is to include in it what Acts may be paſt this enſuing Seſſion of Aſſembly.

4 JAMES BISSET.

THE Subſcriber, in ANNAPOLIS, having purchaſed a ſmall SLOOP, well fitted, a prime Sailer, and good Accommodations for Paſſengers, gives this Public Notice, That any Gentleman wanting himſelf or Goods tranſported to any Part of this Province, *Virginia*, *North* or *South-Carolina*, they ſhall be well and reaſonably ſerved, by

Their humble Servant,

5 ROBERT BRYCE.

To be SOLD *by the* SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of LAND, lying on *Sam's-Creek* in *Frederick* County, called *Joſhua's Lot*, and contains 360 Acres: The Up-land is good and well Timber'd, and a great deal of choice Meadow Ground, with a Stream of Water running through the Whole, ſufficient for a Mill. The Title indiſputable. For Terms apply to the Subſcriber, living in *Baltimore* County.

× 6 JOSHUA OWINGS.

To be SOLD *by the* SUBSCRIBER,

PART of a Tract of LAND, lying and being in *Dorcheſter* County, on *Little-Choptank*, called *Grace Reading*, containing 50 Acres, with one other Tract adjoining it, called *Addition to Grace Reading*, containing 18 Acres. It lies on the Water, is pretty well Wooded, Part of it cleared, with a ſmall Framed Dwelling-Houſe on it.

For Terms apply to the Subſcriber, in *Baltimore-Town*. × 6 WILLIAM LUX.

TO BE SOLD,

FOUR Hundred and Seventy-Three Acres of good LAND, Part of a Tract of Land called WILSON'S DELAY, lying a few Miles below the Ferry over *Monocacy*, in *Frederick* County.

For Title and Terms, apply to Mr. *Robert Lamar*, near *Monocacy*, or the Subſcriber.

7 DANIEL CARROLL.

To be SOLD *by* PRIVATE SALE,

At her Moorings in the NORTH-WEST-BRANCH *of* PATAPSCO *RIVER*,

THE Brigantine BETSY RUSSELL, with her Rigging, Tackle and Apparel, about 4 Years from the Stocks, Burthen about One Hundred and Thirty Tons, or thereabouts, a prime Sailer, and very ſtrong Built. Any Perſon inclined to purchaſe, may know the Terms, by applying to the Subſcriber at *Joppa*, Mr. *Joſeph Watkins* at *Onion*'s Iron-Works, or Captain *Thomas Hammond* on board.

Alſo to be Sold, a Quantity of choice *Barbados* RUM and SUGAR. Enquire as above.

× 8 JOSEPH SMITH.

To be SOLD, *by the* SUBSCRIBER, *at* [illegible] *for Ready Money only*,

CHOICE MADEIRA WINE, at [illegible] Shillings per Gallon. JOHN C[illegible]

To be SOLD *to the* HIGHEST BIDDER, *at* CHESTER-TOWN, *Kent County, for Bills of Exchange or Paper Currency, on Tueſday the* 20*th of* MARCH *next, being the firſt Day of Court*,

A MESSUAGE or TENEMENT, called *TOWN-SIDE*, commodiouſly ſituated in the ſaid County, on *Cheſter* River, for the Grain Trade of both *Kent* and *Queen-Anne's*, being about 20 Miles from *Duck-Creek* on *Delaware*, 8 Miles South from *George-Town*, 10 Miles above *Cheſter-Town*, and 7 Miles from the Head of the River. The Tenement conſiſts of a good Dwelling-Houſe with a Cellar, a good Brick Store-Houſe with a Cellar, Kitchen, Grainary, and other Out-Houſes, with a good paled Garden, and about 18 Acres of excellent Paſture under good Fence. The Landing is a Quay or Wharf, where a Veſſel of 2000 Buſhels Burthen may come and load.

The Premiſſes may be viewed at any Time before the Sale, on applying to Mr. *John Knight* in the Neighbourhood.

By a ſpecial Power on Record from the late Foſter Cunliffe, and Sons, Eſquires.

H. CALLISTER.

A SCHEME
OF A
LOTTERY,

For Raiſing the Sum of FOUR HUNDRED and THIRTY-FIVE POUNDS, for further Securing the DOCK in ANNAPOLIS, and other Public Uſes within the ſaid CITY; to conſiſt of 4000 TICKETS, at 15/0 each, 1204 of which are to be fortunate, *viz.*

Prizes.		Value.		Amount.
1	of	100 £.	is	100 £.
2	of	75	are	150
4	of	50	are	200
8	of	25	are	200
[illegible]	of	[illegible]	are	[illegible]
20	of	10	are	200
50	of	[illegible]	are	[illegible]
125	of	[illegible]	are	[illegible]
1000	of	[illegible]	are	[illegible]
1 firſt Drawn, [illegible] Prize				6
1 laſt Drawn, Ditto				6

1204 Prizes.	Amounting to [illegible]
2796 Blanks.	Sum raiſed £. 435 for above Uſes.

4000 Tickets at 15/ each, make 3000 £.

THE Uſes to which the above Sum of 435 *l.* is to be applied, tending to the Public Good and Service of the Community, as well without as within this City; the beſt Expedient that could be fallen on at this Time for raiſing that Sum, being a LOTTERY, and the Scheme thereof calculated ſo much to the Advantage of the Adventurers (there not being Two Blanks and a Half to a Prize, and the Deduction on the whole not 15 *per Cent.*) Nothing more need be ſaid for its Recommendation: And it is not doubted but the Tickets will ſoon be all Sold, as near One Thouſand of them are already engaged.

When the Tickets are diſpos'd of, the Drawing is to begin immediately, in the Court-Houſe in *Annapolis*, in the Preſence of Five of the Managers at leaſt, and as many of the Adventurers as ſhall think proper to attend.

The Managers, *viz.* Meſſieurs *John Brice*, *Stephen Bordley*, *Nicholas Maccubbin*, *James Dick*, *Walter Dulany*, *William Roberts*, *Lancelot Jacques*, *William Reynolds*, *Jonas Green*, *Henry Woodward*, *James Johnſon*, *John Clapham*, and [illegible], are to give Bond and be upon Oath for the faithful Diſcharge of their Truſt.

A LIST of the PRIZES to be publiſhed in the *Maryland* GAZETTE, and Paid off, without any Deduction, as ſoon as the Drawing is finiſhed: And thoſe not demanded in Six Months after, to be deemed as generouſly given to the Public for the Uſes above-mentioned.

The whole to be conducted, as near as may be, in the ſame Manner as State Lotteries in *England*.

Tickets to be had of any of the Managers.

N. B. Fourteen Days Notice, at leaſt, will be given in the GAZETTE, of the Time of Drawing.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, and WILLIAM RIND, at the PRINTING-OFFICE, the Sign of the BIBLE, in *Charles-ſtreet*; where all Perſons may be ſupplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* *per* Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inſerted for Five Shillings the firſt Week, and One Shilling each Week after, and in Proportion for long Advertiſements.